Data Management Plan Okeanos Explorer (EX1404L3): Northeast Seamounts and Canyons



Data Management Objectives

1) verify that the data pathways for nav and sensors from ROV are established and stable 2) verify data consolidation is operational 3) verify and monitor push to shore is operational 4) provide video support 5) continue work on data warehouse functionality migration to warehouse replacement systems

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2.1 Name

1. General Description of Data to be Managed

1.1 Name and Purpose of the Data Collection Project

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Leg III of EX1404 will concentrate on mapping and exploring the New England Seamount Chain using a combination of ROV operations during the day and CTD/Rosette operations in the evening and overnight. Mapping operations will include subbottom data collection over key features, multibeam data collection over canyon heads requiring coverage development, and holiday lines completing previous multibeam data coverages.

1.2 If this mission is part of a series of missions, what is the series name?

Okeanos ROV Cruises

1.3 Summary description of the data to be collected.

High resolution mapping data from vessel multibeam and submersible sonar systems; singlebeam and sub-botoom profile data; periodic CTD casts; submersible CTD data; underwater video from two-body submersible systems; underway oceanographic, meteorological, and flow-through sensors from vessel

1.4 Keywords that could be used to characterize the data.

expedition, exploration, explorer, marine education, noaa, ocean, ocean discovery, ocean education, ocean exploration and research, ocean literacy, ocean research, OER, science, scientific mission, scientific research, sea, stewardship, systematic exploration, technology, transformational research, undersea, underwater, Davisville, mapping survey, multibeam, multibeam backscatter, multibeam sonar, multi-beam sonar, noaa fleet, okeanos, okeanos explorer, R337, Rhode Island, scientific computing system, SCS, single beam sonar, singlebeam sonar, single-beam sonar, sub-bottom profile, water column backscatter, New England Seamount Chain, Northeast U.S. Canyons, Bear Seamount, Sheldrake Seamount, benthic habitats, benthic ecosystems, Chesapeake Bay

1.5 Anticipated temporal coverage of the data.

Cruise Dates: 9/16/2014 to 10/7/2014

1.6 Anticipated geographic coverage of the data.

Latitude Boundaries: 40.25 to 37.33

Longitude Boundaries: -68 to -56.5

1.7 What platforms will be employed during this mission?

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NOAA Ship Okeanos Explorer, Deep Discoverer ROV, SEIRIOS Camera Sled

1.8 What data types will you be creating or capturing?

Cruise Plan, Cruise Summary, Data Management Plan, Highlight Images, Quick Look Report, CTD (processed), CTD (product), CTD (raw), EK60 Singlebeam Data, Multibeam (image), Multibeam (processed), Multibeam (product), Multibeam (raw), Mapping Summary, Raw Video (digital), SCS Output (compressed), SCS Output (native), Sub-Bottom Profile data, Water Column Backscatter, Raw video inventory logs, Dive Summaries

1.8 What data types will you be submitting for archive?

Cruise Plan, Cruise Summary, Data Management Plan, Highlight Images, Quick Look Report, CTD (processed), CTD (product), CTD (raw), EK60 Singlebeam Data, Multibeam (image), Multibeam (processed), Multibeam (product), Multibeam (raw), Mapping Summary, Raw Video (digital), SCS Output (compressed), SCS Output (native), Sub-Bottom Profile data, Water Column Backscatter, Raw video inventory logs, Dive Summaries

2. Point of Contact for this Data Management Plan

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3. Data Lineage and Quality

3.1 What quality control procedures will be employed?

Quality control procedures for the data from the Kongsberg EM302 is handled at UNH CCOM/JHC. Raw (level-0) bathymetry files are cleaned/edited into new data files (level-1) and converted to a variety of products (level-2). Data from sensors monitored through the SCS are archived in their native format and are not quality controlled. Data from CTD casts and XBT firings are archived in their native format and are not quality controlled. CTDs are processed into profiles for display only on the Okeanos Atlas.

3.2 What is the processing workflow from collection to public release?

SCS data shall be delivered in its native format as well as an archive-ready, documented, and compressed NetCDF-4 format to NODC; multibeam data and metadata will be compressed and delivered in a bagit format to NGDC.

4. Data Documentation

4.1 Which metadata repository will be used to document this data collection?

An ISO format collection-level metadata record will be generated during pre-cruise planning and published in an OER catalog and Web Accessible Folder (WAF) hosted at NCDDC for public discovery and access. The record will be harvested by data.gov.

4.2 What additional metadata or other documentation is necessary to fully describe the data and ensure its long-term usefulness?

Additional metadata includes: Multibeam metadata to file level; Scientific Computing System (SCS) metadata; MAchine Readable Catalog (MARC) metadata for Library items.

4.3 What standards will be used to represent data and metadata elements in this data collection?

ISO 19115-2 Geographic Information with Extensions for Imagery and Gridded Data will be the metadata standard

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employed; a NetCDF-4 standard for oceanographic data will be employed for the SCS data; the Library of Congress standard, MAchine Readable Catalog (MARC), will be employed for NOAA Central Library records.

5. Data Sharing

5.1 What date will the data be made available to the public?

All data from this mission is expected to be documented, archived and accessible within 60-90 days post-mission through the NOAA National Data Centers and public access GIS map applications. Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) sensor data from the SCS, and CTD data are converted in a post-mission model into archive ready compressed NetCDF-4 format and stored within the NCDDC THREDDS open-access server.

5.2 If the data are not to be made publicly available, under what authority are the data restricted?

Not Applicable

5.2a Access Constraints Statement?

No data access constraints, unless data are protected under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966.

5.2b Use Constraints Statement?

Data use shall be credited to NOAA Office of Ocean Exploration and Research.

6. Initial Data Storage and Protection

6.1 Where and how will the data be stored initially (prior to archive submission)?

Data are recorded and stored on NOAA shipboard systems compliant with NOAA IT procedures. Data are moved from ship to shore using a variety of standard, documented data custody transfer procedures. Data are transferred to NOAA Data Centers using digital and physical data transfer models depending upon the data volume.

6.2 Discuss data back-up, disaster recovery, contingency planning and off-site storage relevant to this data collection.

Data management standard operating procedures minimizing accidental or malicious modification or deletion are in place aboard the Okeanos Explorer and will be enforced.

6.3 Describe how the data will be protected from unauthorized access, how permissions will be managed and what process will be followed in the event of unauthorized access.

Account access to mission systems are maintained and controlled by the Program. Data access prior to public accessibility is documented through the use of Data Request forms and standard operating procedures.

7. Long-Term Archiving and Preservation

7.1 In what NOAA Data Center(s) will the data be archived and preserved?

Data from this mission will be preserved and stewarded through the NOAA National Data Centers. Refer to the Okeanos Explorer FY14 Data Management Plan at NOAA's EDMC DMP Repository (EX_FY14_DMP_Final.pdf) for detailed descriptions of the processes, procedures, and partners involved in this collaborative effort.

7.1a If you do not plan to archive in the NOAA Data Centers, what is your long-term strategy for maintaining, curating, and archiving the data?

Not Applicable